Appendix G.

VII. Potential Future Water Demand Past Efforts to Estimate Future Demand

Water Reservations and Water Availability in the Yellowstone River Basin, May 1982

Sobashinski and Lozovoy, DNRC Water Resources Division

A computer model was used to determine the amount of water available for appropriation in the Yellowstone Basin. The amount of surplus water available for appropriation was determined by accounting for all reservations and estimating depletions for future Wyoming, Indian, and federal uses. Existing uses were accounted for by using the 1975 level of development flows, as determined by the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, and subtracting the depletions for provisional water rights permits issued in Montana between 1975 and 1981.

The monthly analyses indicate the amount of water available for appropriation directly from the river, particularly for irrigation. Assuming that a reliable supply of irrigation water is needed in at least eight out of ten years, the tables show that there is not a reliable supply of that amount of water anywhere in the Yellowstone mainstem; the 80th percentile flows are all 0.0 for the irrigation months. The majority of the 60th percentile flows are also 0.0 during the irrigation season because of the relatively large instream flow requirements.

The annual frequency flows indicate that water is available throughout the basin on a yearly basis. This water would be available for offstream storage projects and could be used for irrigation or industrial purposes, depending on the costs associated with the storage.

All of the excess flow calculations are affected by the values estimated for future Wyoming depletions and Indian reserved water rights. The excess flows also reflect the assumption that all of the reservations are final. As previously mentioned, the Board of Natural Resources and Conservation has the authority to modify each reservation if the objectives of the reservation are not met or progress towards the completion of necessary facilities is not made. Therefore, the excess flows in Tables 2 through 10 should be viewed as the amount of water available for appropriation, considering all of these assumptions. The values should be used only to obtain general information on water availability and the seasonal availability of water in the basin.

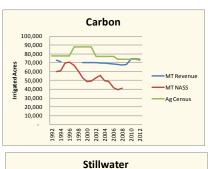
Because all of the consumptive reservations of Yellowstone River Basin water have yet to be developed, and because Indian reserved water rights and the amounts of water apportioned to Wyoming under the Yellowstone River Compact have yet to be quantified or developed, some additional water in excess of the flows presented in Tables 2 through 10 is now available for use. This water would be available on a provisional basis until the reservations, Indian reserved water rights, and Wyoming's share of the water under the terms of the Yellowstone River Compact have been quantified, developed, and put to beneficial use.

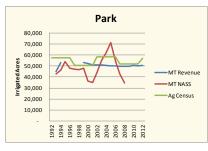
The values in Tables 2 through 10 indicate that little or no water for direct withdrawal for irrigation is available in the Therefore, the logical alternative for obtaining irrigation water would seem to be through the irrigation reservations However, all of the Conservation Districts (CDs) in the basin. of the water reserved by the CDs may not be available during a This is particularly true above Billings, where the given year. irrigation reservations are junior to the instream flow reservations. Future depletions in the Wyoming portion of the Yellowstone Basin and by the Northern Cheyenne and Crow Indians may also have a minor effect on the amount of water available for the irrigation reservations below Billings. The availability of water for the irrigation reservations is analyzed in Appendix D. Results indicate that shortages would occur if the irrigation reservations in the portion of the basin above Billings were fully developed. Below Billings, where the irrigation reserva-tions are senior to the instream flow reservations, no significant shortages are expected.

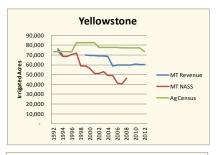
Agricultural Demand Projections

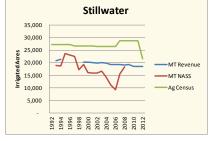
Historical Trends in Irrigated Agricultural Development

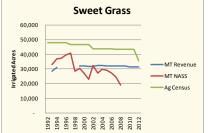
Sources of information on historical trends county-wide irrigated acreage include the the Montana Department of Revenue Final Lands Unit (FLU) mapping; the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) data; and Agricultural Census Data

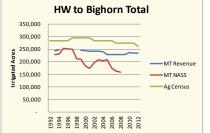




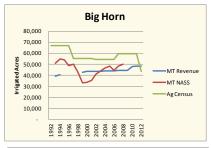


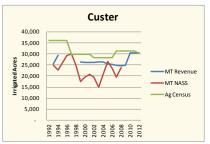


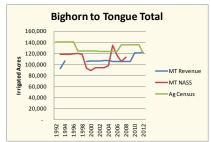


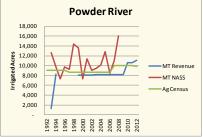


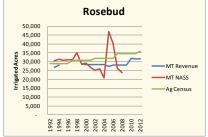
Appendices Yellowstone River Basin Water Plan - 2014

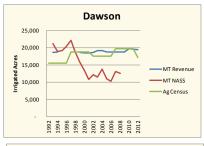


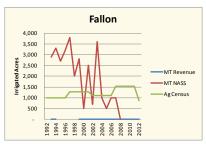


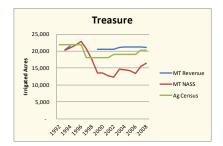


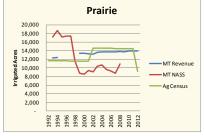




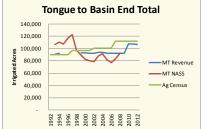












luc_8 Name	Huc_8	Acres	Consumed	Field Applie	Diverted	Source	
Jpper Missouri-Dearborn Rivers	10030102	1386.2	2079.3	2599.1	2599.1	Surface Water	
Sun River	10030104	637.0	955.4	1194.3	1194.3	Surface Water	
wo Medicine River	10030201	276.0	414.0	517.5	517.5	Surface Water	
udith River	10040103	132.4	198.6	248.3	248.3	Surface Water	
Prarie Elk-Wolf Creeks	10060001	2342.5	3513.8	4392.2	4392.2	Surface Water	
Charlie-Little Muddy Creeks	10060005	11651.6	17477.4	21846.7	21846.7	Surface Water	
Big Muddy Creek	10060006	3487.9	5231.8	6539.8	6539.8	Groundwater	
Jpper Yellowstone River	10070002	2877.3	4316.0	5395.0	5395.0	Surface Water	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone River	10070006	491.5	737.3	921.6	921.6	Surface Water	
Jpper Yellowstone River-Pompeys Pilla	10070007	2070.1	3105.2	3881.5	3881.5	Surface Water	
ower Bighorn River	10080015	3872.1	5808.2	7260.3	7260.3	Surface Water	
ower Powder River	10090209	2803.1	4204.6	5255.7	5255.7	Surface Water	
Lower Yellowstone River-Sunday Creek	10100001	5742.6	8614.0	10767.4	10767.4	Surface Water	
Lower Yellowstone River	10100004	18339.1	27508.7	34385.8	34385.8	Surface Water	
D'Fallon Creek	10100005	456.4	684.5	855.7	855.7	Surface Water	
Statewide		56565.9	84848.8	106061.0	106061.0		
Assumptions:							
Net Irrigation Requirement: 1.5 AF/acre	•						
Field Application Efficiency: 80% (Pivot	ts)						
Conveyance Efficiency: 100% (Pipeline)							
Acres determined from projected alloca	tions (diver	sions). Based	d on projecte	d allocations	, this is essential	y a maximum consum	ptive use
The buildout of the West Crane Project	is included :	ac futura uca	for Dichland	CD			

MSWI 2035 Projected Growth by CD (Additional Water Use above Present Day Estimates)									
Conservation District	Acres	Consumed	Field Applied	Diverted	Huc_8	Huc_8 Name			
CHOUTEAU	1386.2	2079.3	2599.1	2599.1	10030102	Upper Missouri-Dearborn Rivers			
PONDERA	276.0	414.0	517.5	517.5	10030201	Two Medicine River			
TETON	637.0	955.4	1194.3	1194.3	10030104	Sun River			
FERGUS	132.4	198.6	248.3	248.3	10040103	Judith River			
McCONE	2342.5	3513.8	4392.2	4392.2	10060001	Prarie Elk-Wolf Creeks			
RICHLAND	5800.0	8700.0	10874.9	10874.9	10060005	Charlie-Little Muddy Creeks			
ROOSEVELT	5851.6	8777.4	10971.7	10971.7	10060005	Charlie-Little Muddy Creeks			
SHERIDAN	3487.9	5231.8	6539.8	6539.8	10060006	Big Muddy Creek			
BIG HORN	3872.1	5808.2	7260.3	7260.3	10080015	Lower Bighorn River			
CARBON	491.5	737.3	921.6	921.6	10070006	Clarks Fork Yellowstone River			
CUSTER	3811.6	5717.4	7146.8	7146.8	10100001	Lower Yellowstone River-Sunday Creek			
DAWSON	1906.7	2860.0	3575.0	3575.0	10100004	Lower Yellowstone River			
LITTLE BEAVER	456.4	684.5	855.7	855.7	10100005	O'Fallon Creek			
PARK	547.5	821.2	1026.5	1026.5	10070002	Upper Yellowstone River			
POWDER RIVER	2803.1	4204.6	5255.7	5255.7	10090209	Lower Powder River			
PRAIRIE	1970.9	2956.3	3695.4	3695.4	10100004	Lower Yellowstone River			
RICHLAND	14461.6	21692.4	27115.5	27115.5	10100004	Lower Yellowstone River			
ROSEBUD	1295.4	1943.0	2428.8	2428.8	10100001	Lower Yellowstone River-Sunday Creek			
STILLWATER	351.2	526.9	658.6	658.6	10070002	Upper Yellowstone River			
SWEET GRASS	1978.6	2967.9	3709.9	3709.9	10070002	Upper Yellowstone River			
TREASURE	635.7	953.5	1191.9	1191.9	10100001	Lower Yellowstone River-Sunday Creek			
YELLOWSTONE	2070.1	3105.2	3881.5	3881.5	10070007	Upper Yellowstone River-Pompeys Pillar			
Statewide	56565.9	84848.8	106061.0	106061.0					