

## Project Partners

City of Missoula Dave DeGrandpre and Alex Bramlette City Floodplain/Community Planning



Missoula County Matt Heimel and Bailey Minnich County Floodplain Administrator / Planning



Department of Natural Resources and Conservation

Tiffany Lyden Mapping Outreach Specialist





**Shylea Wingard** Floodplain Specialist

Katie Shank GIS Specialist





Nadene Wadsworth

Mapping Outreach Specialist







**Granite County** 

Drummond, Montana

Town of Drummond

Morrison-Maierle **Luke Carlson** Project Manager



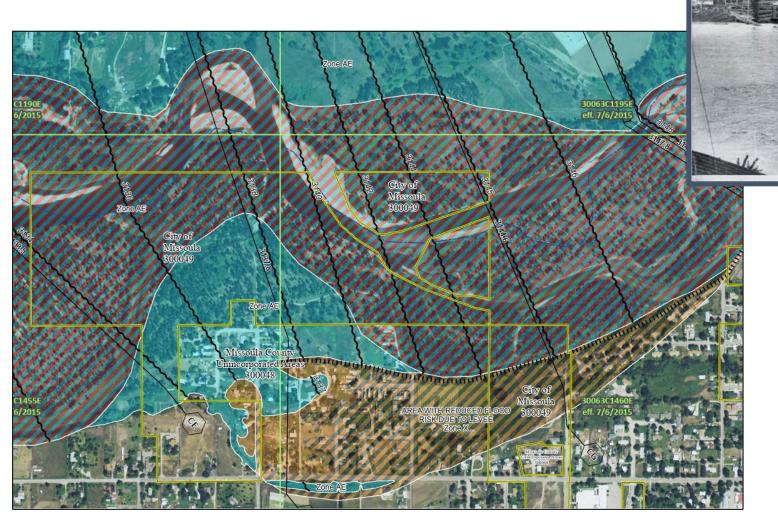
Allied Engineering **Andrew Graham** Project Manager

**Tom Chingas Project Engineer** 





# Identifying Risk Through Mapping

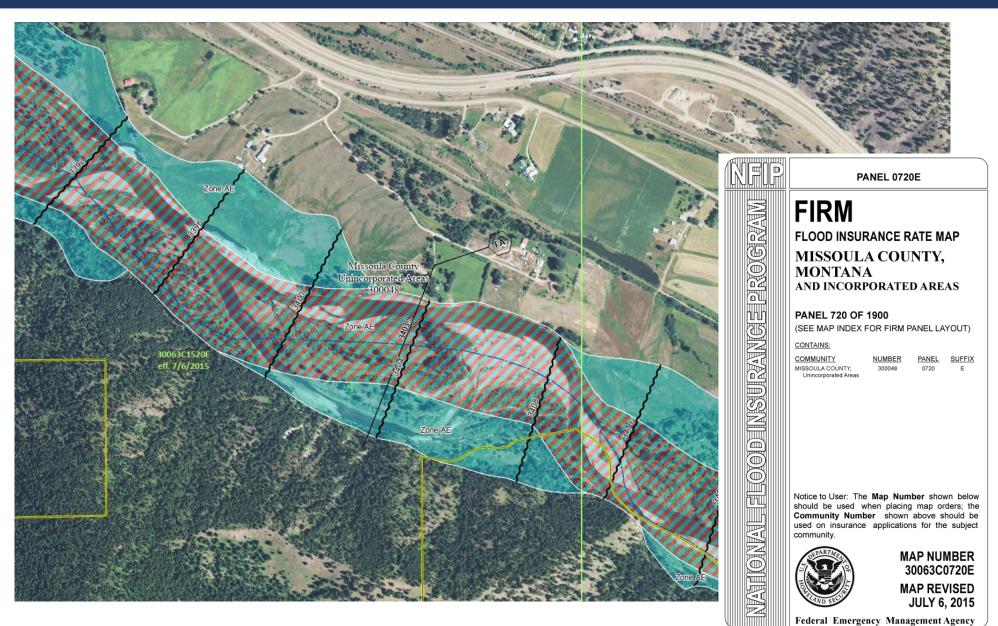


Higgins Avenue 1908 flood

Orchard Homes/ Tower Street area 2011 & 2018 floods

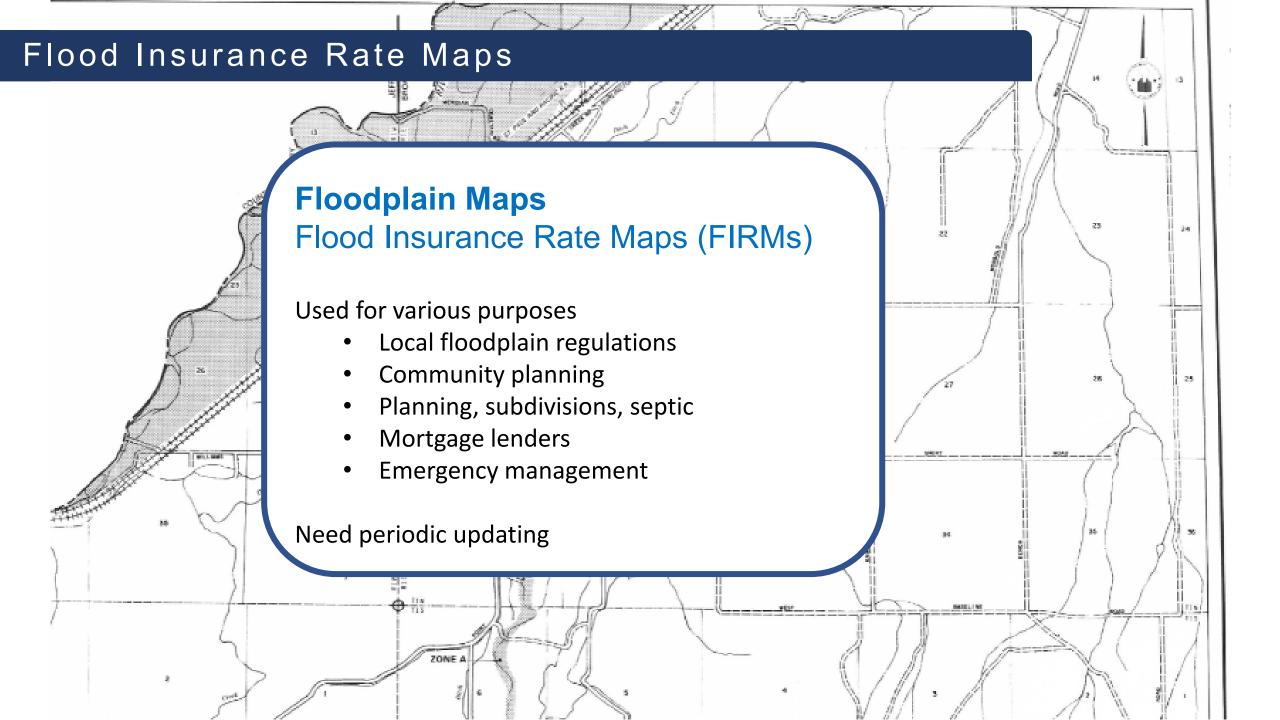


# Flood Insurance Rate Maps



100 year flood

1% annual chance flood

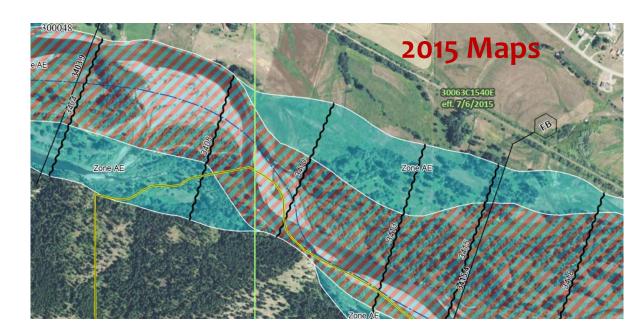


## Current Floodplain Maps – Clark Fork/Bitterroot and Rock Cr

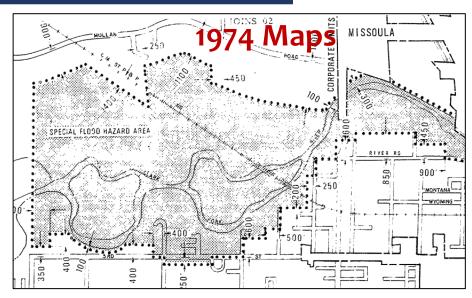
- 1974 Flood Hazard Maps
- 1980s FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps

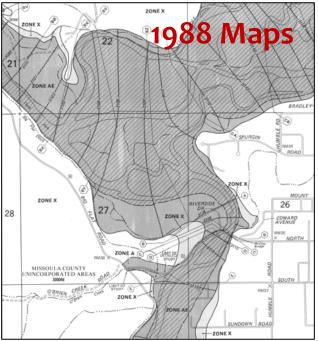
some revisions, small updates

2015 – Maps converted to digital format



**Current maps are mostly based off data from 80s** 





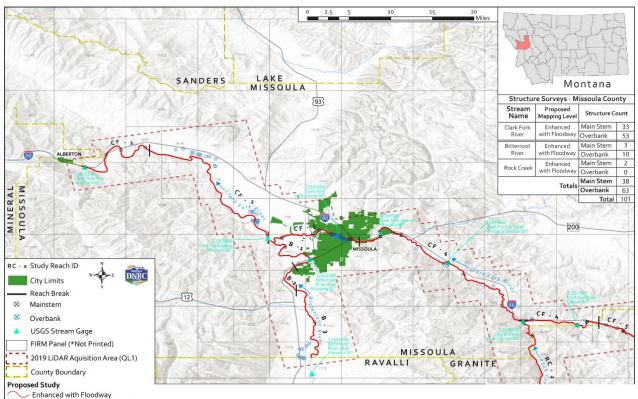
## Floodplain Mapping Update

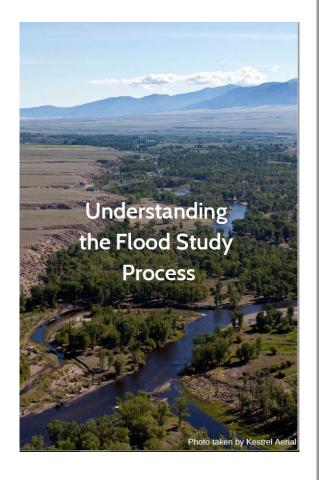
• Pre-2019 County & City expressed need for updated information, requested updates

- July 2019 FEMA grant:
  - Clark Fork River
  - Bitterroot River
  - Rock Creek
- Fall 2019 and onward Data collection and flood study work









## **Flood Study Steps**

**Step 1 - Survey:** measurements are made of the topography around the river, along with any culverts, bridges, and road crossings. LiDAR uses an airplane to collect ground elevation over a large area, and ground survey supplements the airborne data.

Limit Of Study

**Step 2 - Hydrology:** determines how much water there will be in the river during a flood event. Data from stream gages will tell how many cubic feet of water per second the river will carry during the flood.

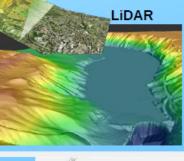
Step 3 - Hydraulics: once the first two steps are complete, calculations can show where the water will go during the flood. The elevation data is combined with the flood flow data to determine where the water will go when it overflows the channel.

**Step 4 - Mapping (delineation):** the results from step 3 are combined with the elevation data and official maps to see how far the water will spread out. The area shown to be underwater during the flood is the regulatory floodplain.

Step 1 - Survey: The type of the survey depends on the size of the study area and type of study.









Step 2 - Hydrology:

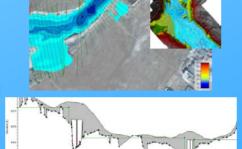
Stream gage stations are an important tool to determine flow rates. If nearby stream gages aren't available, gage data from a similar location is used to determine the flow rate.



#### Step 3 - Hydraulics:

5 main components to the model

- 1) Hydrology (stream flow data)
- 2) Cross Sections (measurements of the river bottom at key locations)
- 3) Roughness (thickness of vegetation, land cover, etc determined by surveyors)
- 4) Structures (road crossings, culverts, bridges, etc.)
- 5) Downstream conditions



#### Step 4 - Mapping (delineation):

The result will be the floodplain boundary and a depth grid identifying the shallower and deeper areas of flooding.

# LIDAR (Light Detection & Ranging) = Detailed Topography







### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update

A Story Map



### Draft Floodplain Mapping

The flood hazard information in this section is currently a draft product. It only includes selected areas pertaining to this study in Missoula and Granite Counties. The draft floodplain designations are undergoing public review and are based on updated flood study information.

To see the current FEMA mapping, go to section 2.

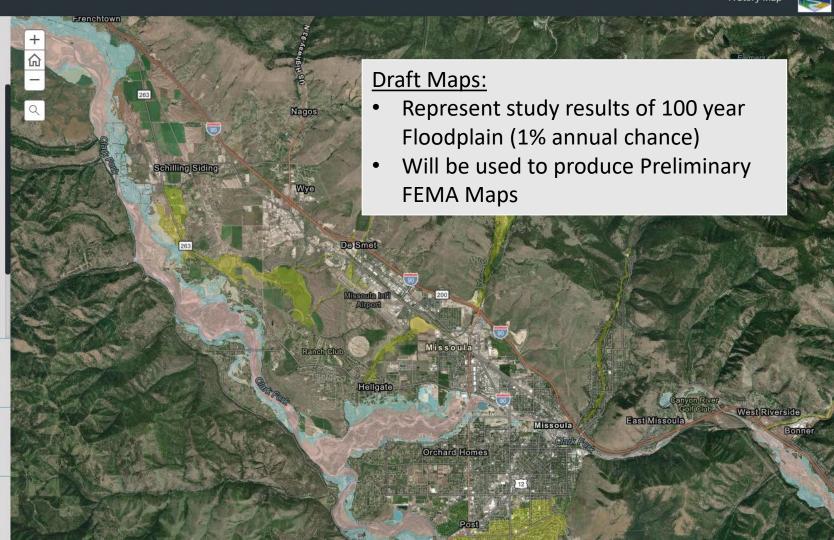
100-year Floodplain (1% Annual Chance)

Floodway within 100-year Floodplain

500-year Floodplain (0.2% Annual Chance)

Current Effective FEMA Mapping

- 2 Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping
- Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map
- Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway Map



### www.floodplain.mt.gov/missoula-granite

## www.floodplain.mt.gov/missoula-granite

- draft map viewer
- reports
- study details and timeline

### can also access from:

https://www.engagemissoula.com/floodplain-mapping-project

https://tinyurl.com/3nc24dhm





### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Maps Update

Missoula and Granite Counties are working with MT DNRC and FEMA to update and produce new Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMS) for the Clark Fork River, Bitterroot River, Rock Creek, and Rock Creek Tributaries. Updated floodplain maps will depict the latest, most accurate flood risk data, and will eventually replace the existing floodplain maps which are based on data from the 1970s.

For more information, see: Background on existing floodplain maps.

#### Meeting Information

Public Open House Meetings for Missoula County and the City of Missoula:

Tuesday, Oct 18 6pm Commercial Building at the Missoula Fairgrounds Wednesday, Oct 19, 6pm Lolo School Lower Gym Lolo Thursday, Oct 20, 6pm Missoula County Courthouse Sophie Moiese Room

Virtual Option will be offered all three nights

Zoom link: https://ogilvy.zoom.us/j/93562758029

Passcode: 7477

To register (not required) for the virtual option for the meetings please click here.

DNRC held project kickoff meetings on October 23, 2019 with Missoula County and the City of Missoula. To view the slides that were presented click here.

#### View Draft Data

Draft Map Viewer

Draft maps and studies need to go through a lengthy technical and public review process. When finalized, new maps could have effects on some property owners in mapped 100-year floodplains. Click on your county below to learn about the floodplain designations referenced on the maps:

- ► Missoula County [Show/Hide]
- ► Granite County [Show/Hide]

#### Draft data reports



Missoula-Granite PMR, MAS No. 2019-02 Structure Survey Report

Marcon Institute of Note National of Granites (MAG)

May 17-1009





#### More Info

Background on existing floodplain maps

#### Contact Missoula County

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#### Contact the City of Missoula

Cassie Tripard

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#### Contact Granite County

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#### Contact Town of Drummond

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#### Contact DNRC

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#### Tiffany Lyden

MT DNRC Outreach Specialist (406) 444-0599

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# Draft Maps – ready for review

# Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update **Draft Floodplain Mapping** 命 100-year Floodplain (1% Annual Chance) Floodway within 100-year Floodplain 500-year Floodplain (0.2% Annual Chance) **Current Effective FEMA Mapping** Not Included in Mapping Update Cross Sections - Flood Elevations (in Feet) **Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping** Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway

# Draft Map Viewer

### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update

A Story N



Draft Floodplain Mapping

100-year Floodplain (1% Annual Chance)

Floodway within 100-year Floodplain

500-year Floodplain (0.2% Annual Chance)

Current Effective FEMA Mapping Not Included in Mapping Update

Cross Sections - Flood Elevations (in Feet)

- 2 Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping
- Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map
- Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway Map



## Draft Map Viewer - Current Maps

### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update

Draft Floodplain Mapping

2 Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping

The FEMA floodplain boundaries and information were digitized from current FEMA maps. This viewer is not intended to be used for regulatory purposes and should only be used as a visualization tool. The official FEMA maps and other flood hazard products are available from the FEMA Map Service Center online at: http://www.msc.fema.gov

100-year Floodplain (1% Annual Chance)

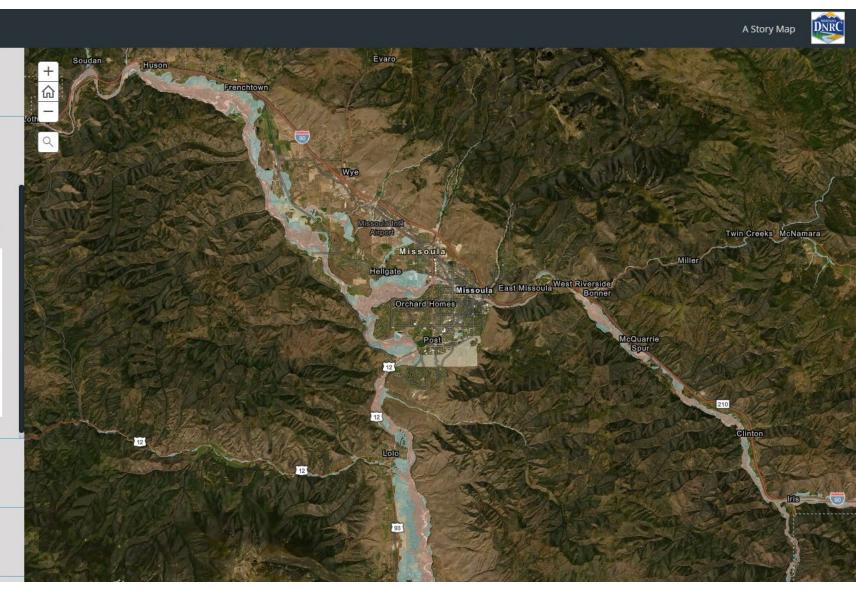
Floodway within 100-year Floodplain

500-year Floodplain (0.2% Annual Chance)

Cross Sections - Flood Elevations (in Feet)

Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map

Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway Map



# Draft Map Viewer – Floodplain Changes

### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update

- Draft Floodplain Mapping
- 2 Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping
- Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map

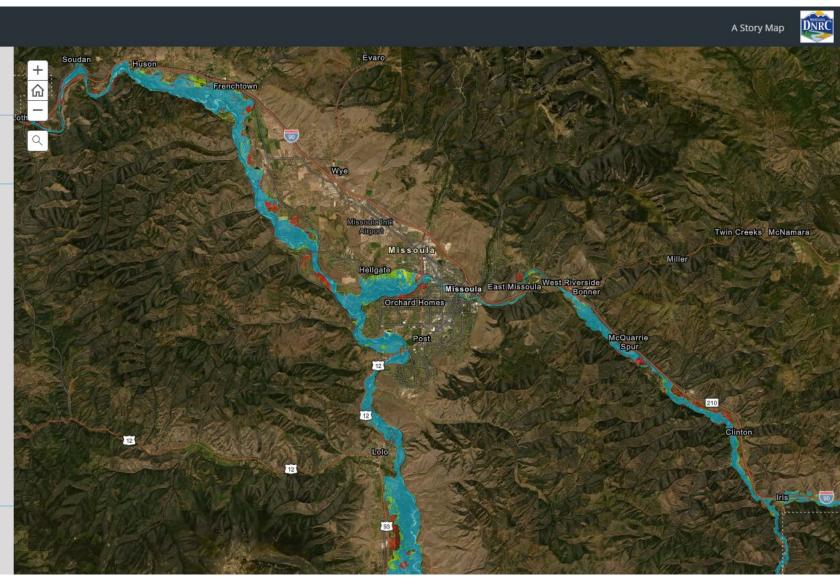
This section compares the proposed 100-Year (1% Annual Chance) floodplain mapping to the current FEMA 100 year (1% Annual Chance) Floodplain maps in portions of Missoula and Granite Counties. The 100-Year Floodplain is considered to have a HIGH flood risk, it is the area expected to be inundated by a flood event having a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

Land Removed from FEMA Floodplain

Land Added to FEMA Floodplain

No Change to FEMA Floodplain

Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway



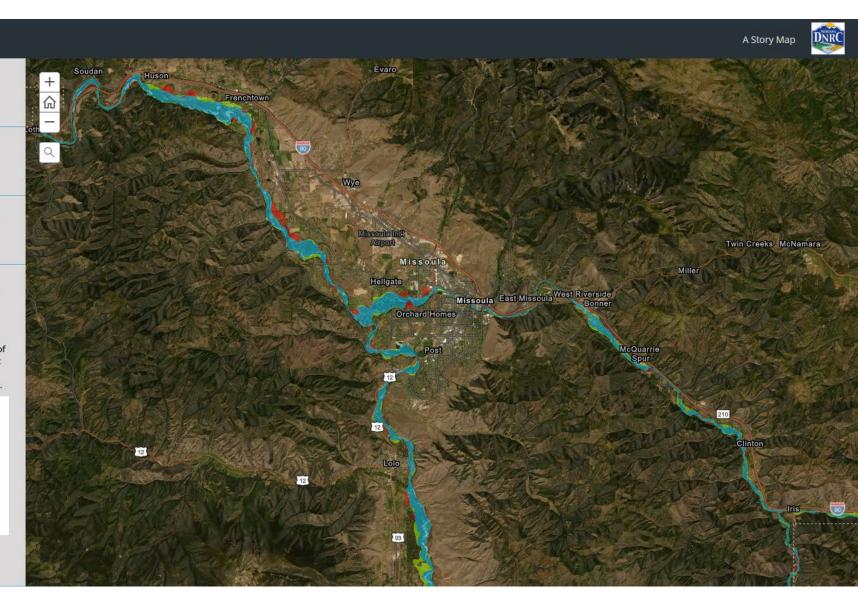
# Draft Map Viewer – Floodway Changes

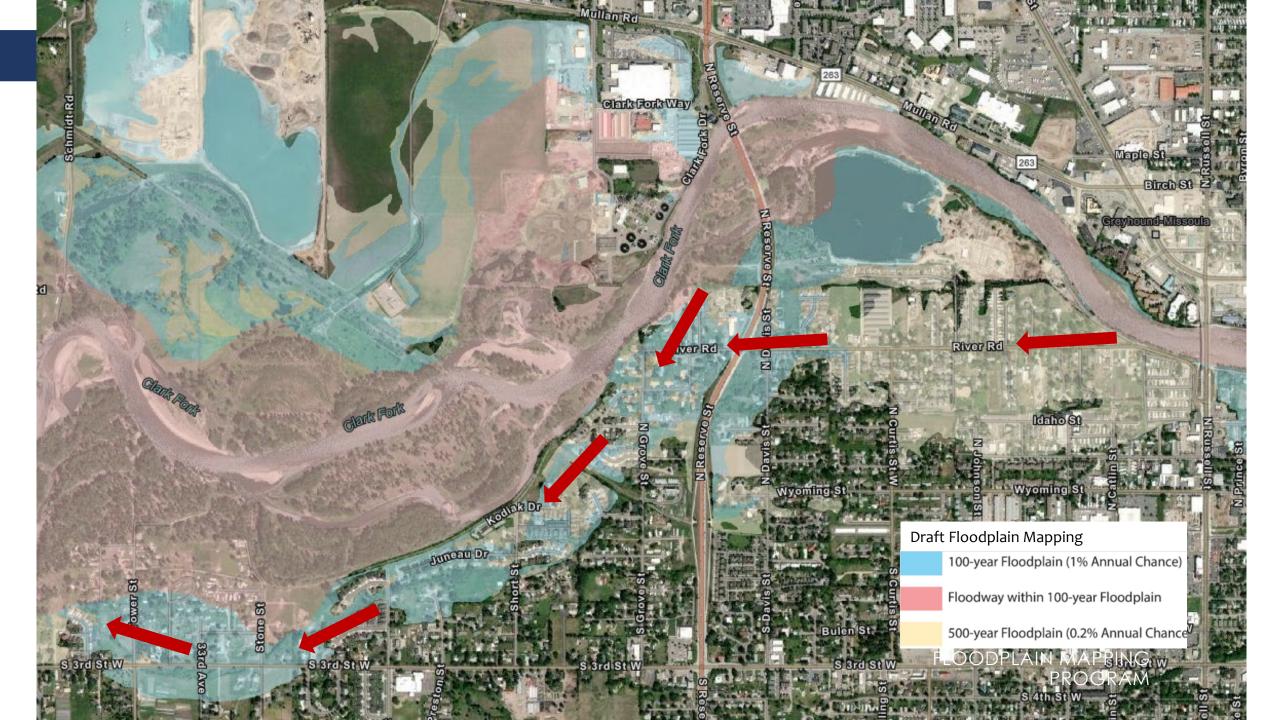
### Missoula-Granite Floodplain Mapping Update

- Draft Floodplain Mapping
- 2 Current FEMA Floodplain Mapping
- Compare Draft 100-year Floodplain Map to Current FEMA Floodplain Map
- Compare Draft Floodway Map to Current FEMA Floodway
  Map

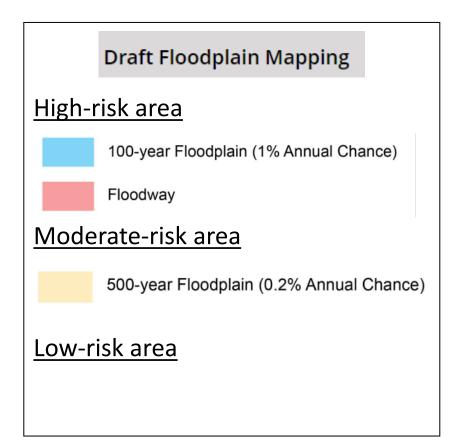
This section compares the proposed Floodway to the Floodway on the current FEMA maps in portions of Missoula and Granite Counties. A Floodway is the area within the 100-Year floodplain that must be kept free from new development so that the 100-Year flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights. The Floodway will usually see the deepest and fastest water during a 100-year flood event.

- Land Removed from FEMA Floodway
- Land Added to FEMA Floodway
  - No Change to FEMA Floodway





Know where your property or building is in relation to the draft floodplain boundaries and flood risk zones



View the draft maps at home:

www.floodplain.mt.gov/missoula-granite

Also accessible from:

https://www.engagemissoula.com/floodplain-mapping-project

https://tinyurl.com/3nc24dhm

### FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS

City of Missoula and Missoula County have floodplain regulations that regulate development within the 100-year floodplain.

Floodplain permits are required for any manmade activities including construction and modifications to existing structures.

New construction and additions- elevated 2'

**Improvements** and additions to existing structures ≥ 50% of building's value, will require the entire structure to be brought into compliance.

No new buildings and limited development is allowed in the **Floodway** 





## FLOOD INSURANCE

Flood insurance is mandatory for buildings with a federally backed loan in a high-risk flood zone.

**Flood insurance** is not mandatory in a lower risk zone but is highly recommended.

Lenders can always require insurance in any zone.

Landowners can buy **flood insurance** to protect their assets; renters can buy **flood insurance** for their contents.

**Flood insurance** is the best form of personal risk management and provides important economic protection against flooding.







### **Estimated Timeline**







# Project Timeline Missoula-Granite Floodplain Maps Update

Estimated C	empletion dat	te
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Measurements are made of the topography around the river, along with any culverts, bridges, and road crossings. LiDAR uses an airplane to collect ground elevation over a large area, and ground survey supplements the airborne data. Flood flow data determine how much water there will be in a river

2020

The elevation and survey data are combined with the flood flow data to determine where the water will go when it overflows the channel and how far it will spread out. The area shown to be underwater and at high risk is mapped as the regulatory floodplain.

2021

### Mid 2022 (est.)

Draft data is delivered to the communities. Public open houses will be conducted for landowners to review the information.

AEMA Preliminary Maps are produced and ready for public review and comment period. A second public open house is usually conducted to review the information. 90-day official comment & appeal period held.

Early 2023 (est.)

FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps finalized.

2025 (est.)

Data gathering

during a flood event.

Engineering and floodplain modeling

Draft Data available public review

Preliminary Data public comment and appeal period Flood Insurance Rate Maps become effective

### Flood Study Conducted

4 steps of a flood study.

- 1) Survey & LiDAR
- 3) Hydraulics (engineering)
- 2) Hydrology (flood flow) 4) Mapping (delineation)

#### Public Poviou

2 public open houses are usually held during this time. Once at draft map stage and again at preliminary map stage.

During this time public comments are encouraged. There will be an official 90-day appeal period after the maps become preliminary.

#### Resiliency and Mitigation efforts

Once new maps become effective the community can determine what mitigation efforts it would like to pursue to reduce flood risks.

# - Thank You -Staff You Can Speak With



<u>City Staff</u>
Cassie Tripard
Dave DeGrandpre

County Staff
Matt Heimel
Bailey Minnich

## <u>DNRC</u>

Doug Brugger Larry Schock Tiffany Lyden Katie Shank Shylea Wingard Morrison-Maierle

Luke Carlson Allie Stone

Allied Engineering Andrew Graham

Tom Chingas

