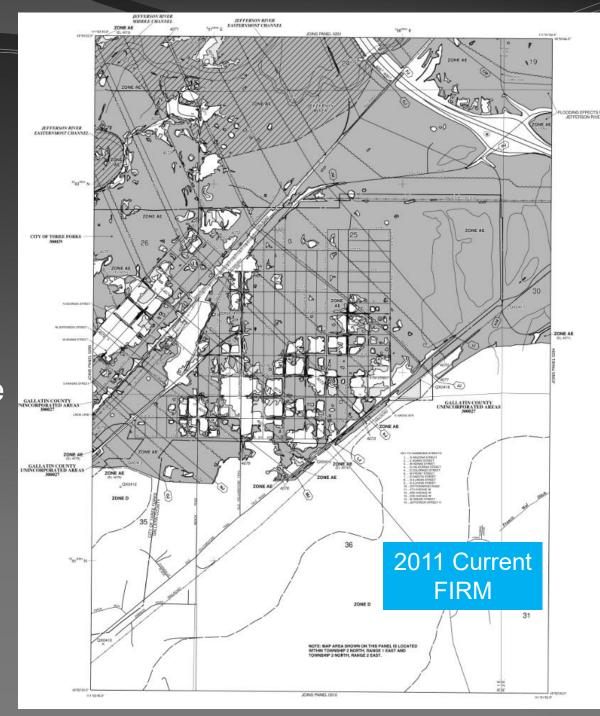
PROJECT UPDATE MEETING Three Forks February 11, 2020

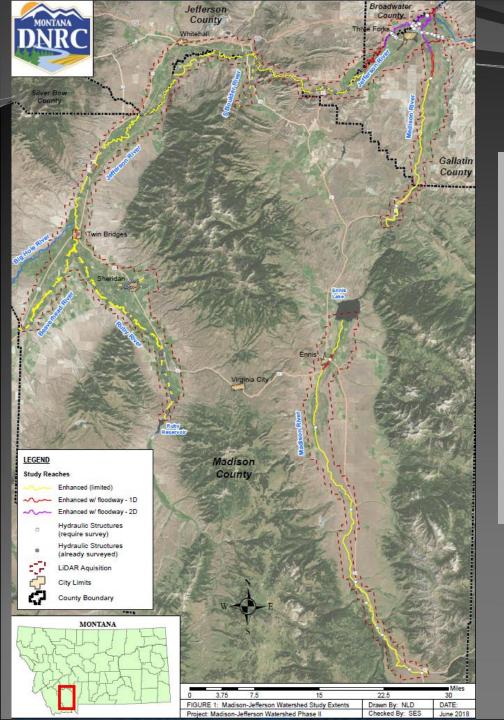
Purpose:

- Project Overview
- Review Project Team, Scope & Schedule
- Questions & Discussion

Three Forks-Floodplain Maps

- 1975 Flood Hazard Boundary Maps (by HUD)
- 1980 Detailed study conducted by FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps issued
- 2004- Detailed study conducted
- 2011- Study from 2004 included in Gallatin County digitization





262 stream miles

- -33 miles w/ floodway
- -229 miles no floodway

66 miles will update existing studies

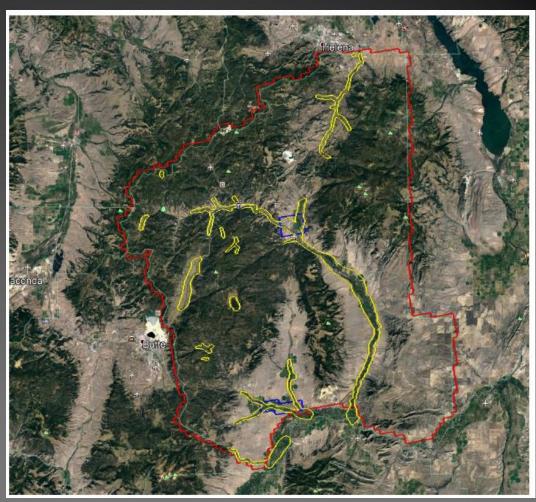
195 miles new studies for unmapped areas

Topographic Data Collection

- Lidar Data Acquisition:
 - Provides data needed for hydraulic modeling and floodplain mapping.
 - ~1,677 square miles







Survey Work

Provides in-stream and bridge/crossing data needed for hydraulic

modeling and floodplain mapping.



Engineering and Environmental Services

Dear Landowner along Prickly Pear Creek and tributaries,

We are writing to inform you that the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC) has hired our firm to complete a bridge and diversion structure inventory and conduct limited survey along Prickly Pear Creek and select tributaries. The work will ultimately help produce new and updated floodplain mapping along selected reaches of these rivers. We will collect basic information on bridges and diversion structures for Prickly Pear Creek and select tributaries to develop a hydraulic structure inventory. The inventory will cover the entire 18.7 miles of Prickly Pear Creek and 8.1 miles of tributaries in Jefferson County (area noted in the image below).

We are sending you this courtesy notice because you have been identified as a landowner along the river channel in the study area. Our survey personnel will start the work October 1, 2018 and continue working as long as weather permits. If we do not get to your property before cold weather shuts down the work, we will send a follow up letter in the spring to inform you that work has started again. We plan to survey or collect information approximately 50 feet beyond the water's edge at each cross section, bridge, or diversion structure. If you do not wish for our survey personnel to enter your property, please notify us using the contact information below. If you would like to be contacted on your cell phone or via email prior to the survey personnel accessing your property, please provide that contact information to one of the project contacts listed below

Thank you for your time. If you have any questions or comments, please direct all correspondence to the



and Conservation (DNRC)

DNRC Floodplain Management Program 1424 9th Ave. Helena, MT 59601 tlyden@mt.gov (406) 444-0599



Pioneer Technical Services, Inc.

George Austiguy P.E., Senior Project Manage Bozeman, MT 59718 gaustiguy@pioneer-technical.com (406) 723-1981





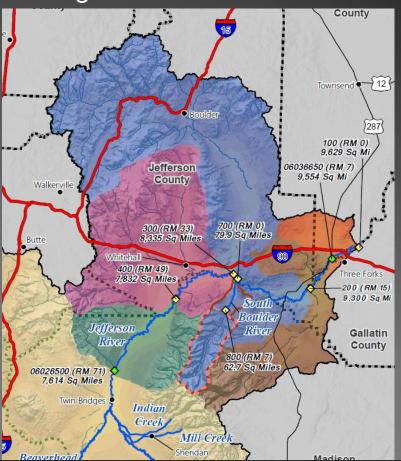


Hydrology

Provides flow data needed for hydraulic modeling

and floodplain mapping.









DOWL

Project Scope

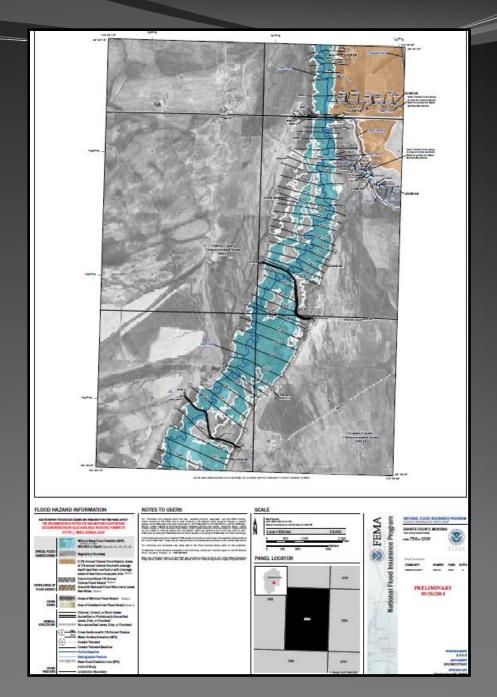
Hydraulic Analysis and Floodplain Mapping

Hydraulic modeling and engineering to produce draft maps



FEMA Map Production

- Preliminary Maps
- Public Review
- Maps Finalized









flood risks.



Project Timeline

Madison & Jefferson Watershed Floodplain Maps Update

Completed in 2019	Summer 2020	Fall 2020 (est.)	2021 (est.)	2022 (est.)
Measurements are made of the topography around the river, along with any culverts, bridges, and road crossings. LiDAR uses an airplane to collect ground elevation over a large area, and ground survey supplements the airborne data. Flood flow data determine how much water there will be in a river during a flood event.	The elevation and survey data are combined with the flood flow data to determine where the water will go when it overflows the channel and how far it will spread out. The area shown to be underwater and at high risk is mapped as the regulatory floodplain.	Draft data is delivered to the communities. Public open houses will be conducted for landowners to review the information.	FEMA Preliminary Maps are produced and ready for public review and comment period. A second public open house is usually conducted to review the information. 90 day official comment & appeal period held.	FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps finalized.
Data gathering	Engineering and floodplain modeling	Draft Data available public review	Preliminary Data public comment and appeal period	Flood Insurance Rate Maps become effective
Flood Study Conducted 4 steps of a flood study. 1) Survey & LiDAR 3) Hydraulics (engineering) 2) Hydrology (flood flow) 4) Mapping (delineation)		Public Review 2 public open houses are usually held during this time. Once at draft map stage and again at preliminary map stage. During this time public comments are encouraged. There who are a official 90 day appeal period after the		Resiliency and Mitigation efforts Once new maps become effective the community can determine what mitigation efforts it would like to pursue to reduce

maps become preliminary.