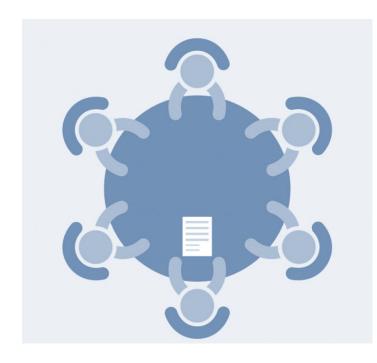
CD MEETING MINUTE FACT SHEET

CONSERVATION DISTRICT MEETING MINUTE STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS



Conservation districts are subject to statutory requirements as they relate to submittal of meeting minutes. They also must be submitted to stay in compliance. The statutes are available in the <u>Accountability Assessment</u> and as follows:

76-15-315. Administrative functions of supervisors (3) The supervisors shall furnish to the department copies of ordinances, rules, orders, contracts, forms, and other documents that they adopt or employ and other information concerning their activities that may be required in the performance of their duties under this chapter.

76-15-324. Minutes. The board of supervisors shall submit the minutes of its proceedings for electronic storage within 30 days after the minutes have been approved by that body for electronic storage and retention in accordance with the provisions of Title 2, chapter 6, part 12. The board of supervisors shall submit the minutes for electronic storage to the county clerk and recorder of each county within the jurisdiction of the district.

Submit copies of the minutes to DNRC through its online CD meeting minute portal here: https://mtdnrc.formstack.com/forms/conservation district meeting minutes submission form.

MEETING MINUTE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Meeting minutes are more than a summary of actions; they are a permanent historical document describing all conservation district business and events. Minutes record decisions made, projects accomplished, policies set, and the people involved or affected. Minutes also provide documentation that a conservation district conducted business according to the laws and rules they are required to follow.

A review of your conservation district board meeting minutes should address these questions:

- Are you documenting your actions properly?
- Are you including too much information?
- Too little?

The public participation in governmental operations section of the law (2-3-212) states those minutes shall be kept and shall be available for inspection by the public. According to the law, minutes shall include, without limitation, the following:

- 1. The date, time, and place of the meeting.
- 2. A list of individual members of the public body, agency, or organization in attendance.
- 3. The substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided.
- 4. A record by individual members of votes taken (only if requested by a member).

Below are some guidelines that are not necessarily spelled out in the law, but may be helpful to you in writing your minutes:

• Conservation districts should discuss no official business without a quorum. Minutes should reflect whether a quorum was present when the meeting starts and when the meeting adjourns. List names of those present (first and last names) and whom they represent.





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- Minutes should be on letterhead, if available, and should include the date and type or purpose of meeting.
- Each page should be numbered, and the date of the meeting should be included on each page, preferably at the top. This is useful if the pages ever become separated and is useful in retrieving the document.
- Approval of previous month's minutes should be documented.
- Document approval of the financial report, including income, disbursement, and the approval to pay bills. MCA 76-15-526 states that "the treasurer shall report in writing at each regular meeting and as often at other times as the supervisors may request the amount of money on hand and the receipts and disbursements since his last report. Such report shall be verified."
- There is no need to record discussions verbatim, but don't waste ink on too general a statement like "discussion held," "board discussed the issue at length." Generally, describe the essence of the discussion and include the outcome of the discussion or leave it out.
- Record all old business—follow up on all old or unfinished business.
- Record reports of group. It is important to describe the discussion at least generally. Don't merely state that "Ms. Y gave a report." Include any board action because of the report.
- Record all motions or action with special attention stating exactly what motions were made and their disposition (carried, defeated, tabled, etc.).
- It is conventional to include the names of persons making motions and seconds, but it is not necessarily required. Official action (items voted requiring a vote) must be cleared.
- Don't editorialize. Statements such as a "a lengthy discussion" or "lively discussion" or "we listened to an excellent presentation on ... "should be omitted. Minutes should not include the writer's opinion—just the facts.
- The minutes don't necessarily have to be written in chronological order. If using subheads or rearranging the order makes the minutes clearer, do it.
- Note the time and date of the next scheduled meeting.
- Since minutes are open to the public, keep confidential information out of the minutes. CD employee's wages are open to the public. Reasons for personnel action are not necessarily open to the public.
- Public comments. Document the names of those making comments and a summary of what was said.
- Any of the elected board members can sign, but it is best practice to appoint a secretary who is charged with signing
 minutes and ensuring they are distributed to the board and approved at a subsequent meeting. Otherwise, minutes
 approved by a quorum of the board can be signed by any elected supervisors.
- When at all possible, board meeting minutes should be completed and reviewed/approved by the CD Chairperson within one (1) week of the board meeting. Recording minutes while the information is fresh in your mind is important. And, after having the Chairperson review and approve, distributing the board minutes to the full board of supervisors in a timely manner is also important, especially with pending directives.

Copies of signed official minutes <u>must be submitted</u> to your County Clerk and Recorder and the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation's Conservation Districts Bureau (DNRC-CDB).

Copies could also be sent to the Montana Association of Conservation District and other partners and interested parties.

NOTE: CD minutes are scanned as permanent records in the Helena DNRC office. Electronic copies are kept on file for up to four years and then they are forwarded to the Montana Historical Society for storage and/or disposal.



