CHECKLIST ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Project Name:	Leber Right of Way Easement Across State Land
Proposed Implementation Date:	Spring 2024
Proponent:	Darrin R. Leber & Sandra I. Leber
Location:	SE4SW4, Section 21, T21N, R6W & SE4SW4, Section 22, T21N, R6W
County:	Teton
Trust:	Capitol Buildings (CB)

I. TYPE AND PURPOSE OF ACTION

Darrin R. & Sandra I. Leber (Leber) requested a Right of Way (ROW) easement across state lands for an existing road that leads to Leber's private residence, referred to herein as the "Project". The location of the Project is within the SE4SW4 of Section 21 and the SE4SW4 of Section 22, T21N, R6W. The Project will provide access to Leber's private residence via an existing road that is approximately 0.27 miles in length and encompasses 0.97 acres, see **Exhibit A**, Project Location Map and **Exhibit B**, Easement Maps. The ROW easement will allow access to Leber's private residence located in the PT. NESW INDIAN HEIGHTS LOT 31 REF: BK 107D PG 284 of Section 20, T21N, R6W.

II. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

1. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT, AGENCIES, GROUPS OR INDIVIDUALS CONTACTED:

Provide a brief chronology of the scoping and ongoing involvement for this project.

The Project is located on state-owned land and Darrin R. & Sandra I. Leber are the proponents. Agencies involved in the permitting process include the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, (DNRC) – Trust Land Management Division and DNRC – Real Estate Management Bureau

Surface Lessee:

NW4NE4, E2NW4, SE4SW4, Section 21, T21N, R6W – Lease No. 6731 – Blenton Ranch Co. S2SW4, Section 22, T21N, R6W – Lease No. 6731 – Blenton Ranch Co.

2. OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES WITH JURISDICTION, LIST OF PERMITS NEEDED:

DNRC is not aware of any other agencies with jurisdiction or other permits needed to complete this Project. The Project will be permitted under a Right of Way Easement in State Lands.

3. ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED:

Alternative A (No Action) – Deny Leber the requested ROW easement for access and maintenance purposes to his private residence.

Alternative B (the Proposed action) – Grant Leber the requested ROW easement for access and maintenance purposes to his private residence.

III. IMPACTS ON THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

- RESOURCES potentially impacted are listed on the form, followed by common issues that would be considered.
- Explain POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATIONS following each resource heading.
- Enter "NONE" If no impacts are identified or the resource is not present.
- **4. GEOLOGY AND SOIL QUALITY, STABILITY AND MOISTURE:** Consider the presence of fragile, compactable or unstable soils. Identify unusual geologic features. Specify any special reclamation considerations. Identify any cumulative impacts to soils.

Soil Properties:

There are three types of soils found within the Project footprint.

(327C) Beanlake-Winspect cobbly loams, 2 to 15 percent slopes

These soils consist of very deep (more than 80 inches), well-drained soils. These soils are found within moraines and hills. Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches is about 8.5 inches (Beanlake) and about 6.3 inches (Winspect); the mean annual precipitation for the region is 15 to 19 inches (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I).

(327E) Winspect-Beanlake cobbly loams, 15 to 35 percent slopes

These soils consist of very deep (more than 80 inches), well-drained soils. These soils are found within moraines and hills. Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches is about 6.3 inches (Winspect) and about 8.5 inches (Beanlake); the mean annual precipitation for the region is 15 to 19 inches (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I).

(776C) Delpoint-Cabbart-Rootel loams, 2 to 15 percent slopes

These soils consist of moderate to shallow soils that are approximately 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock (Delpoint & Rootel) and approximately 10 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock (Cabbart), and which are welldrained. These soils are found within hills and plains. Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches is about 4.9 inches (Delpoint), about 2.5 inches (Cabbart), and about 4.5 inches (Rootel); the mean annual precipitation for the region is 15 to 19 inches (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I).

Soil Stability:

K – Factor (Whole Soil):

Soils identified within the Project footprint have a Soil Erodibility (K) Factor of 0.15 (327C & 327E) and 0.25 (776C) (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I). The K Factor range is 0.02 to 0.69 (0.69 being the most susceptible to sheet and rill erosion by water.) The K Factor is low for the Project site which indicates a low susceptibility to erosion by water.

Wind Erodibility Group:

Soils identified within the Project footprint have a Wind Erodibility Group (WEG) of 7 (327C), 5 (327E), and 4 (776C) (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I). The WEG range is 1 - 8 (1 being the most susceptible to wind erosion and 8 being the least susceptible). The WEG is moderate to low for the Project site which indicates a moderate to low susceptibility to erosion by wind.

Suitabilities and Limitations for Use:

Unpaved Local Roads and Streets:

The soils identified within the Project footprint were identified as "somewhat limited" (327C & 776C) and "Very Limited" (327E) (MT657 – Soil Survey of Choteau – Conrad Area; Parts of Teton and Pondera Counties, Montana, Part I). "The properties and qualities that affect the ease of excavation and grading are hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, depth to a water table, flooding, the amount of large stones, and slope. The properties that affect traffic-supporting capacity are soil strength as inferred from the

AASHTO group index and the Unified classification, subsidence, shrink-swell behavior, potential frost action, and depth to the seasonal high-water table. The dust generating tendency of the soil is also considered".

Determination:

Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Effect. The Project resulted in a permanent disturbance of approximately 0.97 acres more than 30 years ago with the road being well-maintained and with no current issues. The Project does not propose any future disturbance just maintenance activities. Given the nature of the Project, operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area, the soil's low susceptibility to erosion, and the suitability to construct unpaved local roads and streets, the Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on soil.

5. WATER QUALITY, QUANTITY AND DISTRIBUTION:

Identify important surface or groundwater resources. Consider the potential for violation of ambient water quality standards, drinking water maximum contaminant levels, or degradation of water quality. Identify cumulative effects to water resources.

Surface or Groundwater Resources:

The Project is located app. between 144 and 274 feet from the Sun River in section 21 with an app. elevation loss between 23 feet and 32.8 feet between the Project and the Sun River. The Project is located app 1,046 feet from the Sun River in section 22 with an approximate elevation gain of 17 feet between the Project and the Sun River. There is one known Place of Use water rights within the Project location used for stock (41K 30103792) in section 21 and no known water rights within the Project location in section 22. For additional information go to https://gis.dnrc.mt.gov/apps/WRQS/

Determination:

Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Effect. The Project is located within 200 feet of the Sun River which could potentially be impacted through stormwater runoff by rains transferring sediment from the road to the river. However, it is unlikely that the impact would be significant as the road is over 30 years old with hard compacted soils, the area from the road to the Sun River contains natural vegetation and will act as a buffer zone, and the Floweree Canal that is adjacent to the Sun River may also capture sediment. It is unlikely that the Project will have an impact on any existing Place of Use water rights and therefore, the Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on water quality.

6. AIR QUALITY:

What pollutants or particulate would be produced? Identify air quality regulations or zones (e.g. Class I air shed) the project would influence. Identify cumulative effects to air quality.

Air Quality:

There are no Nonattainment areas located on or near the Project, per the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Nonattainment area maps (NEPAssist, 2024). The proposed activities will not result in any new air emissions.

Determination:

No Effect. It is not anticipated that the Project would result in negative cumulative effects on air quality.

7. VEGETATION COVER, QUANTITY AND QUALITY:

What changes would the action cause to vegetative communities? Consider rare plants or cover types that would be affected. Identify cumulative effects to vegetation.

Vegetative Community:

Vegetation around the Project site consists of native rangeland which contains Western Wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), Green Needlegrass (*Nassella viridula*), Bluebunch Wheatgrass (*Pseudoroegneria spicata*), Indian Rice Grass (*Oryzopsis hymenoides*), Blue Grama (*Bouteloua gracilis*), Sandberg Bluegrass (*Poa secunda*), Prairie Junegrass (*Koeleria macrantha*), Threadleaf Sedge (*Carex filifolia*), Needle and Thread (*Hesperostipa comata*), Fringed Sagewort (*Artemisia frigida*), Silver Sagebrush (*Artemisia cana*), Western Snowberry (*Symphoricarpos occidentalis*), Creeping Juniper (*Juniperus horizontalis*), Skunkbush Sumac (*Rhus trilobata*), and various forbs. Invasive species include Crested Wheatgrass (*Agropyron cristatum*), Cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*),

Broomsnake Weed (*Gutierrezia sarothrae*), and various invader forbs. See **Exhibit C** -The Natural Heritage Program Environmental Species Report for information on Species of Concern within the Project area.

Determination:

Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Effect. The Project resulted in a permanent disturbance of approximately 0.97 acres more than 30 years ago with the road being well-maintained and with no current issues. The Project does not propose any future disturbance just maintenance activities. Given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area, negative cumulative effects on vegetative resources are not expected.

8. TERRESTRIAL, AVIAN AND AQUATIC LIFE AND HABITATS: Consider substantial habitat values and use of the area by wildlife, birds or fish. Identify cumulative effects to fish and wildlife.

Habitat:

The Project site is not considered Critical Habitat per the EPA. The surrounding area provides habitat for a variety of big game species, predators, upland game birds, other non-game mammals, birds of prey, and various songbirds.

Determination:

Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Effect. The Project has the potential to impact wildlife temporarily through the operation and maintenance of the road. However, given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area, it is not likely that the Project would impact wildlife forage, cover, or travel corridors. Nor does this action change the juxtaposition of wildlife forage, water, or hiding and thermal cover. Overall, the Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on wildlife or habitat.

9. UNIQUE, ENDANGERED, FRAGILE OR LIMITED ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES:

Consider any federally listed threatened or endangered species or habitat identified in the project area. Determine effects to wetlands. Consider Sensitive Species or Species of special concern. Identify cumulative effects to these species and their habitat.

Species of Concern/Threatened/Endangered:

Federally listed mammal species that occur in Montana include Black-footed Ferret (*Mustela nigripes*), Canada Lynx (*Lynx canadensis*), Grizzly Bear (*Ursus arctos horribilis*), and Northern Long-eared Bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*). Federally listed avian species that occur in Montana include Piping Plover (*Charadrius melodus*), Red Knot (*Calidris canutus rufa*), Whooping Crane (*Grus americana*), and Yellow-billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus americanus*). For additional information and additional species (fish, plants, & insects) see https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/report/species-listings-by-state?stateAbbrev=MT&stateName=Montana&statusCategory=Listed

For Species of Concern, see Exhibit C - The National Heritage Program Environmental Species Report.

Wetlands:

The National Wetland Inventory (NWI) does not identify a wetland within or near the Project footprint, see Exhibit D- Wetlands map for additional information.

Determination:

Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Effect. The Project has the potential to impact wildlife temporarily through the operation and maintenance of the road. However, given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area, it is not likely that the Project would impact wildlife forage, cover, or travel corridors. Nor does this action change the juxtaposition of wildlife forage, water, or hiding and thermal cover. Overall, the Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on wildlife or habitat.

10. HISTORICAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES:

Identify and determine effects to historical, archaeological or paleontological resources.

Historical and Archeological Sites:

A Class I (literature review) level review was conducted by the DNRC staff archaeologist for the APE. This entailed inspection of project maps, DNRC's sites/site leads database, land use records, General Land Office Survey Plats, and control cards. The Class I search revealed that no cultural or paleontological resources have been identified in the APE.

Determination:

Because the area of potential effect on state land is cultivated, because the Holocene age soils in the APE are relatively thin, and because the local geology is not likely to produce caves, rock shelters, or sources of tool stone, no additional archaeological investigative work will be conducted in response to this proposed development. However, if previously unknown cultural or paleontological materials are identified during project-related activities, all work will cease until a professional assessment of such resources can be made.

11. AESTHETICS:

Determine if the project is located on a prominent topographic feature, or may be visible from populated or scenic areas. What level of noise, light or visual change would be produced? Identify cumulative effects to aesthetics.

Visual and Noise:

The Project is located approximately 4.00 miles north of Augusta, Montana (population 238) and access is via Young Road through Hwy 287.

Determination:

No Effect. The Project resulted in a permanent disturbance of approximately 0.97 acres more than 30 years ago with the road being well-maintained and with no current issues. The Project does not propose any future disturbance just maintenance activities. Given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area, negative cumulative effects on aesthetics are not expected.

12. DEMANDS ON ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES OF LAND, WATER, AIR OR ENERGY:

Determine the amount of limited resources the project would require. Identify other activities nearby that the project would affect. Identify cumulative effects on environmental resources.

No Effect. The Project does not propose the use of limited natural resources and is not expected to have cumulative impacts on environmental resources.

13. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS PERTINENT TO THE AREA:

List other studies, plans or projects on this tract. Determine cumulative impacts likely to occur as a result of current private, state or federal actions in the analysis area, and from future proposed state actions in the analysis area that are under MEPA review (scoped) or permitting review by any state agency.

Surrounding land is owned by the state and used as grazing land under State Lease No. 6731. Any future development in the area will likely be restricted to utility or mineral development, with minimal impacts to the surface. Future development of projects are not expected to have negative cumulative effects.

IV. IMPACTS ON THE HUMAN POPULATION

- RESOURCES potentially impacted are listed on the form, followed by common issues that would be considered.
- Explain POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATIONS following each resource heading.
- Enter "NONE" If no impacts are identified or the resource is not present.

14. HUMAN HEALTH AND SAFETY:

Identify any health and safety risks posed by the project.

No Effect. The Project resulted in a permanent disturbance of approximately 0.97 acres more than 30 years ago with the road being well-maintained and with no current issues. The Project does not propose any future disturbance just maintenance activities. Given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the

road will be restricted to the easement area, negative cumulative effects on human health and safety are not expected.

15. INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURE ACTIVITIES AND PRODUCTION:

Identify how the project would add to or alter these activities.

Land Use:

The current land use on which the road easement is proposed consists of 110 grazing acres and 10 unsuitable acres.

Legal	Grazing Acres	Unsuitable	Total
SE4SW4, T21N, R6W, 21	37	3 – Floweree Canal	40
S2SW4, T21N, R6W, 22	73	7 – Hwy 287 & Young Road	80

Production:

The Project will benefit the Capitol Buildings Trust in terms of a one-time fee of \$970.00. The Project will not impede the existing production of State Leases No. 6731

Determination:

Effect, Beneficial Effect. The Project is expected to increase revenues through a one-time fee to the Capitol Buildings Trust. The Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on current or future land use activities.

16. QUANTITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYMENT:

Estimate the number of jobs the project would create, move or eliminate. Identify cumulative effects to the employment market.

Determination:

No Effect. The Project would not result in any new jobs nor eliminate any, therefore negative cumulative effects to the employment market are not expected.

17. LOCAL AND STATE TAX BASE AND TAX REVENUES:

Estimate tax revenue the project would create or eliminate. Identify cumulative effects to taxes and revenue.

Revenues:

See Section 15 above.

Determination:

Effect, Beneficial Effect. The Project is expected to increase production through a one-time fee to the Capitol Buildings Trust. The Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on taxes and/or revenues.

18. DEMAND FOR GOVERNMENT SERVICES:

Estimate increases in traffic and changes to traffic patterns. What changes would be needed to fire protection, police, schools, etc.? Identify cumulative effects of this and other projects on government services

Demand for Government Services:

The Project is accessed by Young Road by Hwy 287. The Project resulted in a permanent disturbance of approximately 0.97 acres more than 30 years ago with the road being well-maintained and with no current issues. The Project does not propose any future disturbance just maintenance activities. Given the nature of the Project and that operation and maintenance of the road will be restricted to the easement area additional government services (e.g. fire protection, police, schools, etc.) are not required. There will be no excessive stress placed on the existing infrastructure of the area.

Determination:

No Effect. Future Project activities are not expected to impact traffic, increase demand for government services, or place excessive stress on the existing infrastructure of the area. Therefore, the Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on government services.

19. LOCALLY ADOPTED ENVIRONMENTAL PLANS AND GOALS:

List State, County, City, USFS, BLM, Tribal, and other zoning or management plans, and identify how they would affect this project.

Determination:

No Effect. The Project is in compliance with State and County laws. The Project will be granted under an easement issued by the DNRC. No other management plans are in effect for the area.

20. ACCESS TO AND QUALITY OF RECREATIONAL AND WILDERNESS ACTIVITIES:

Identify any wilderness or recreational areas nearby or access routes through this tract. Determine the effects of the project on recreational potential within the tract. Identify cumulative effects to recreational and wilderness activities.

Legal Access and Recreation Opportunities:

The SE4SW4 of Section 21, T21N, R6W is not legally accessible to the public while the S2W4 of Section 22, T21N, R6W is legally accessible via Young Road by Hwy 287. The Project itself is considered a private access road that is not open to the public. Recreation potential consists of hunting in section 22.

Determination:

No Effect. The Project will not result in any new permanent impacts on the surface of the land, impact access, or recreational opportunities on the legally accessible tract in section 22. The Project is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on recreational and wilderness activities.

21. DENSITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION AND HOUSING:

Estimate population changes and additional housing the project would require. Identify cumulative effects to population and housing

Determination:

No Effect. The Project will not require additional housing and is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on population and housing.

22. SOCIAL STRUCTURES AND MORES:

Identify potential disruption of native or traditional lifestyles or communities.

Social Structures:

The Project is not located within 10 miles of a Hutterite Colony or a Native American Nation. No archeological sites were identified within the Project footprint.

Determination:

No Effect. The Project is consistent with the surrounding land use, therefore, negative cumulative effects on native or traditional lifestyles or communities are not expected.

23. CULTURAL UNIQUENESS AND DIVERSITY:

How would the action affect any unique quality of the area?

Determination:

No Effect. The Project will not result in any new activities to occur in the area and therefore it is not expected to have negative cumulative effects on the unique quality of the area.

24. OTHER APPROPRIATE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CIRCUMSTANCES:

Estimate the return to the trust. Include appropriate economic analysis. Identify potential future uses for the analysis area other than existing management. Identify cumulative economic and social effects likely to occur as a result of the proposed action.

The Project will benefit the Capitol Buildings Trust in terms of a one-time fee of \$970.00. The Project will not impede the existing production of State Lease No. 6731.

Any future development in the area will likely be restricted to utility or mineral development, with minimal impacts to the surface. Future development of projects is not expected to have negative cumulative effects.

EA Checklist	Name:	Michaela Kalinowski	Date:	3/21/2024
Prepared By:	Title:	ichaela Kalinowski Date: 3/21/2024 and Use Specialist, Conrad Unit, Central Land Office		

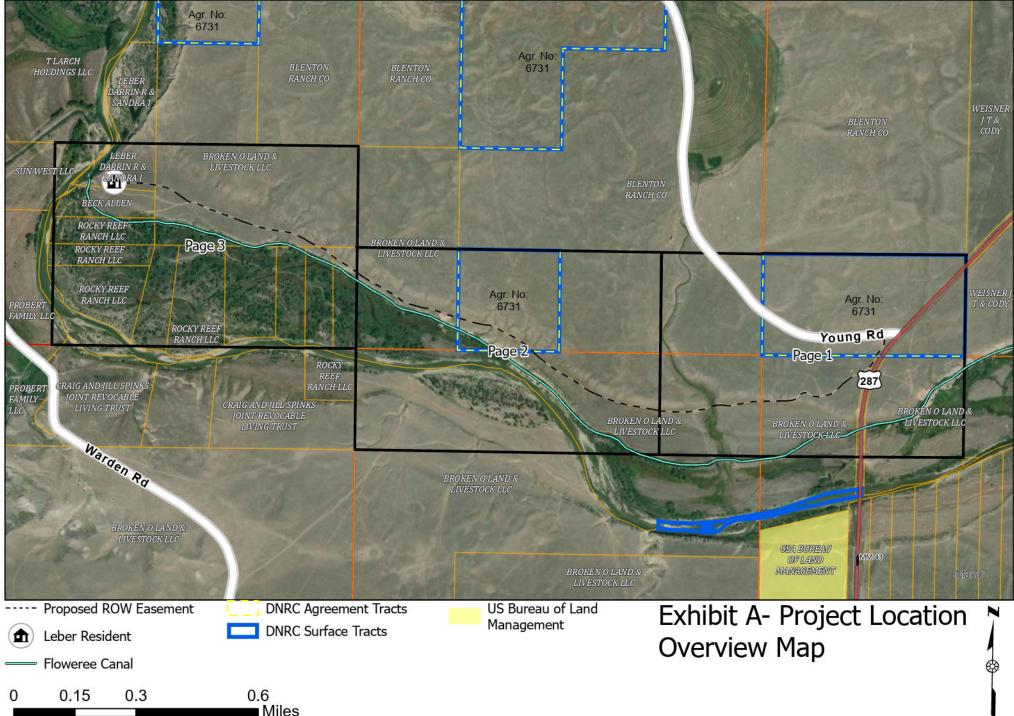
V. FINDINGS

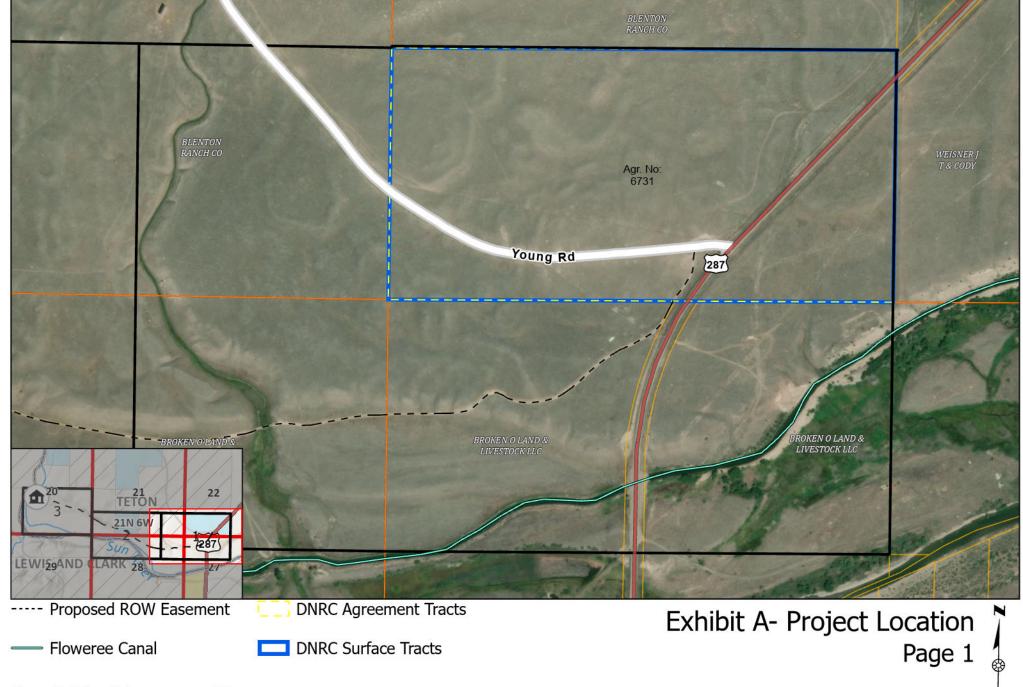
25. ALTERNATIVE SELECTED:

Alternative B (the Proposed action) – Grant Leber the requested ROW easement for access and maintenance purposes to their private residence.

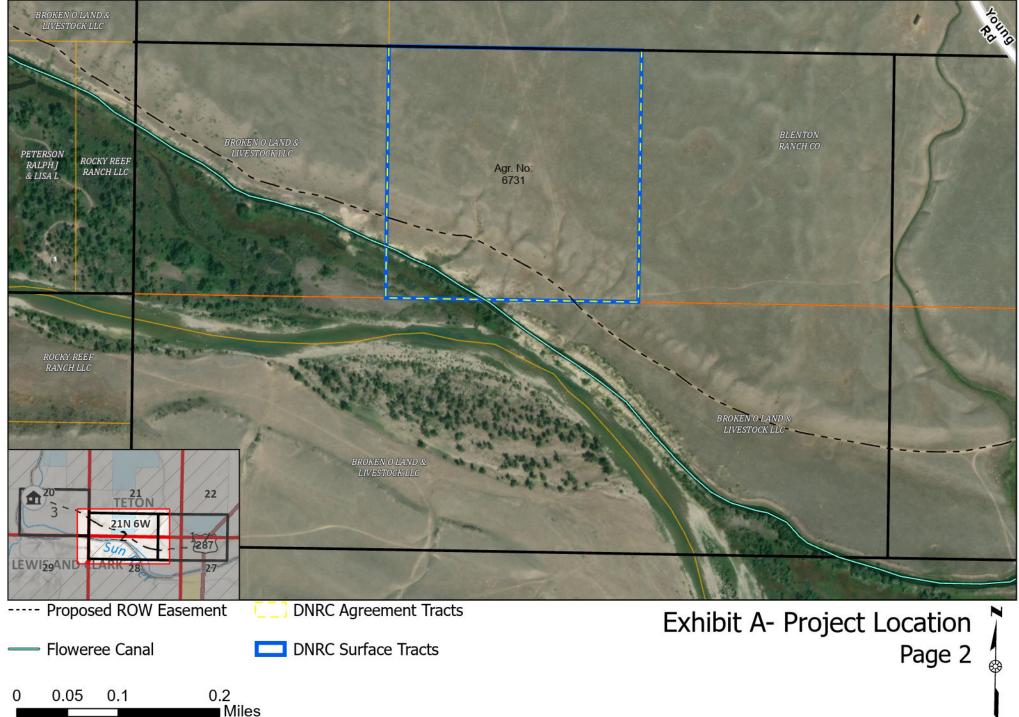
	SIGNIFICANCE C significant impacts				
27	NEED FOR FURT	HER ENVIE	RONMENTAL ANALYSIS:		
	EIS		More Detailed EA	X No F	urther Analysis
	EA Checklist	Name:	Erik Eneboe		
	EA Checklist Approved By:	Title:	Conrad Unit Manager, CLO,	DNRC	
	Signature:	46		Date:	March 27, 2024

Exhibit A Project Location Map





0 0.05 0.1 0.2 Miles



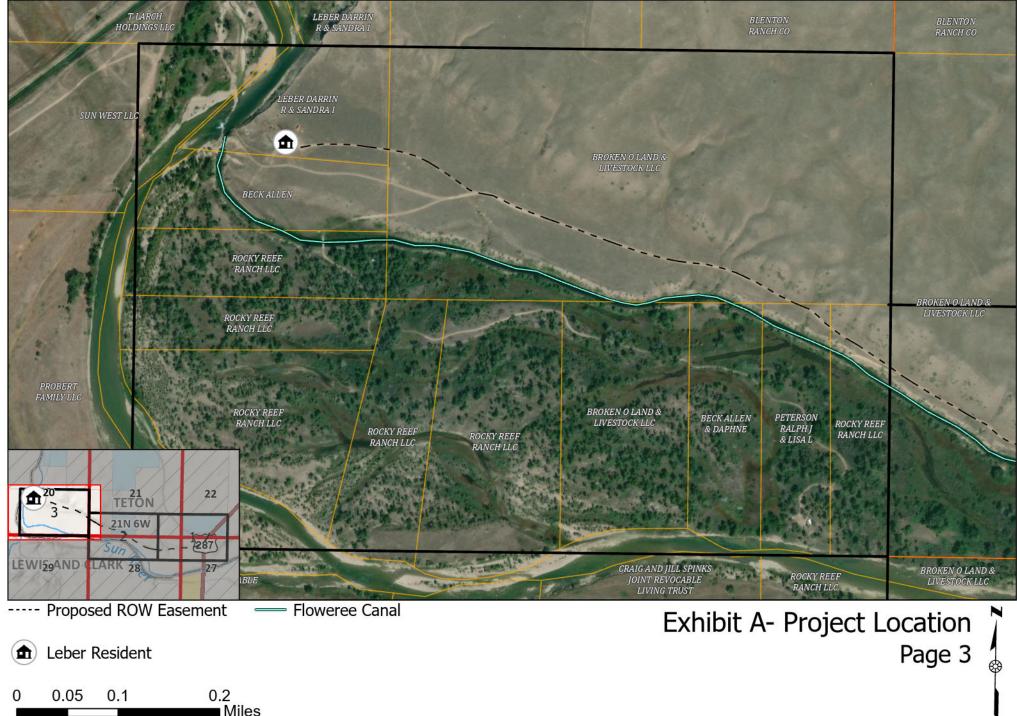
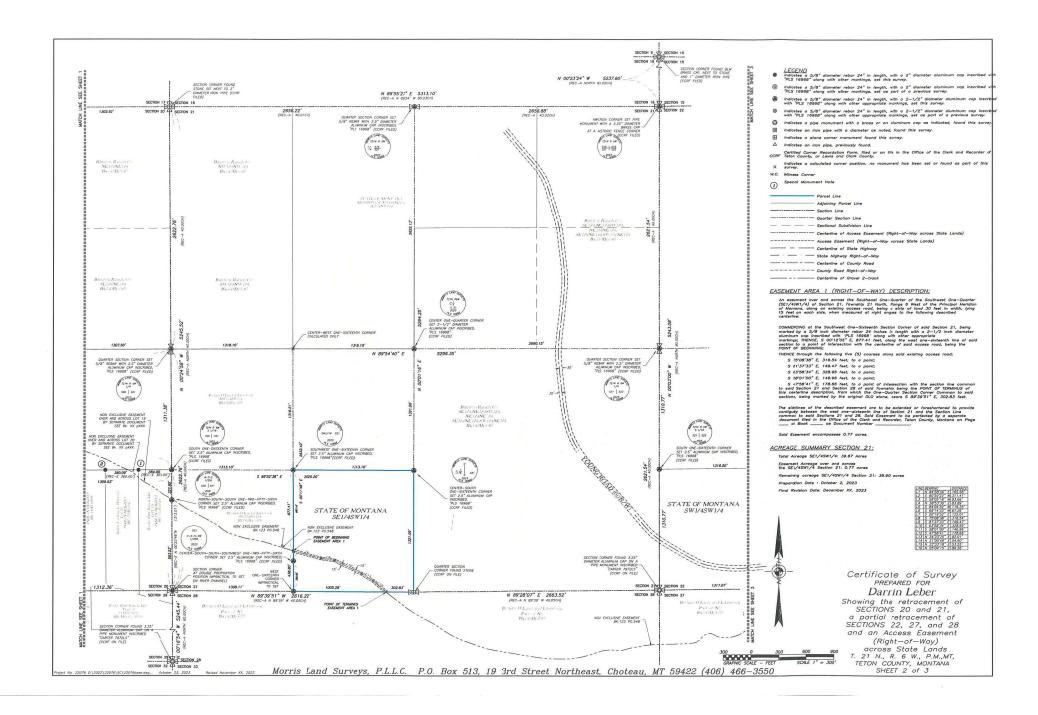


Exhibit B Easement Maps



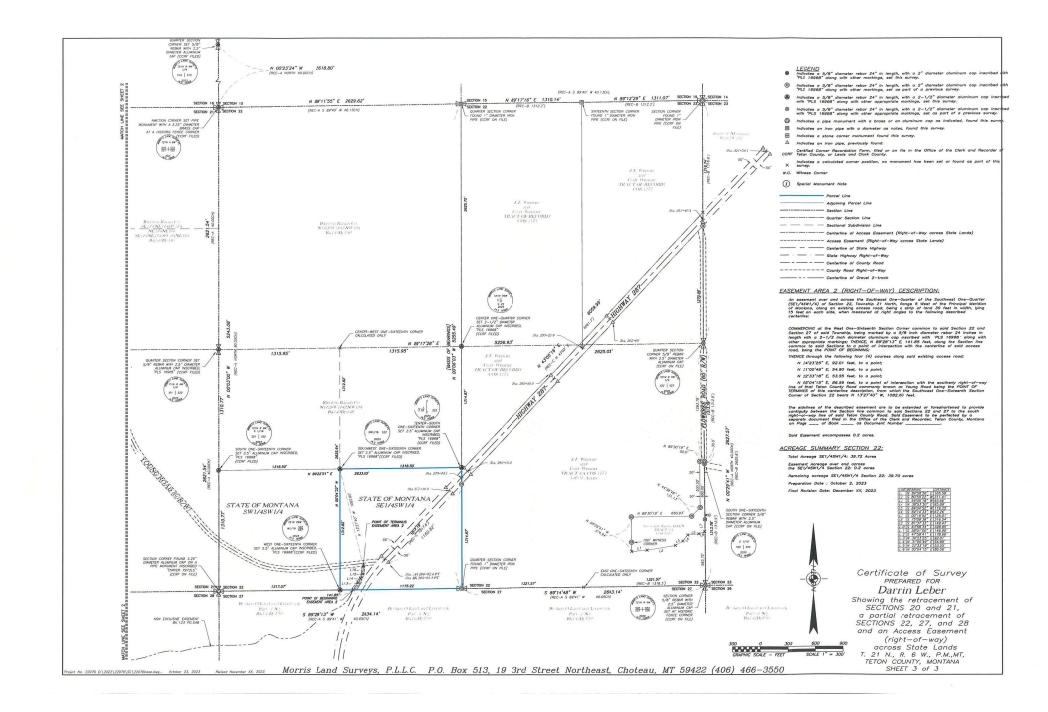


Exhibit C The Natural Heritage Program Environmental Species Report



MONTANA **State Library**

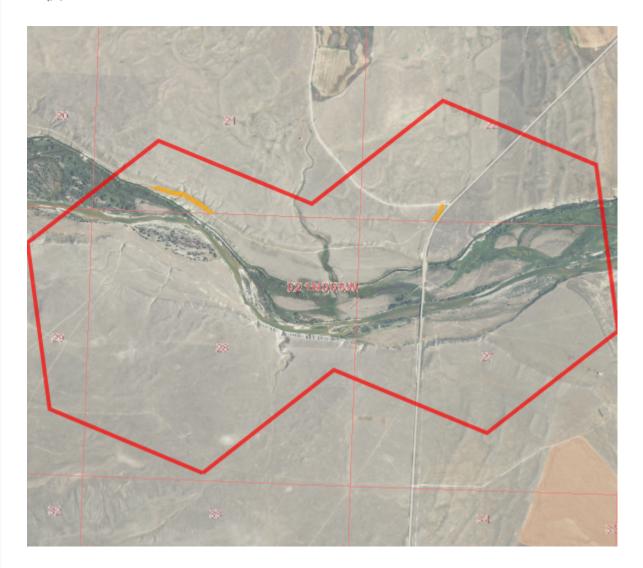
NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM mtnhp.org

1201 11th Ave • P.O. Box 201800 • Helena, MT 59620-1800 • fax 406-444-0266 • phone 406-444-3989

	Latitude	Longitude
	47.53834	-112.35006
KATTE	47.55953	-112.39595

Summarized by:

(Custom Area of Interest)



Suggested Citation

Montana Natural Heritage Program. Environmental Summary Report. for Latitude 47.53834 to 47.55953 and Longitude -112.35006 to -112.39595. Retrieved on 3/18/2024.

The Montana Natural Heritage Program is part of the Montana State Library's Natural Resource Information System. Since 1985, it has served as a neutral and non-regulatory provider of easily accessible information on Montana's species and biological communities to inform all stakeholders in environmental review, permitting, and planning processes. The program is part of the NatureServe network that is composed of over 60 member programs across North America that work to provide current and comprehensive distribution and status information on species and biological communities.







	Legend
	Model Icons
	Nuitable (native rang
's	Optimal Suitability
s	Moderate Suitability
	Low Suitability

Habitat Icons Common ige) Occasional Suitable (introduced range)

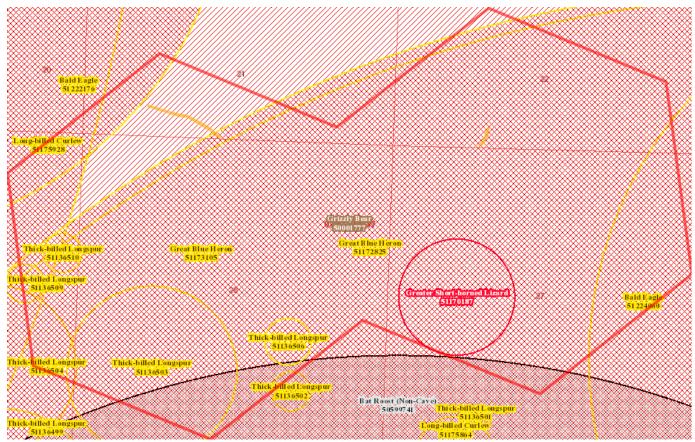
Num Obs Count of obs with 'good precision' (<=1000m) Range Icons Mative / Year-round Summer + indicates additional 'poor precision' obs (1001m-10,000m) Winter Migratory Non-native Historical

	Latitude	Longitude
WROCH G	47.53834	-112.35006
CHEELEN WY	47.55953	-112.39595
المتبي		

Native Species

Summarized by: (Custom Area of Interest) Filtered by:

Native Species reports are filtered for Species with MT Status = Species of Concern



Species Occurrences

	USFWS Sec7 #	so i	# Obs	Predicted Model	Range	
B - Long-billed Curlew (Numenius americanus) SOC	1		6		S	М
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps						
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC11 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PII	: 2					
Delineation Criteria Confirmed breeding area based on the presence of a nest, chicks, or territorial adults during the breeding season. F minimum distance of 200 meters in order to approximate the breeding territory size reported for the species in Idaho and otherwise is buff with the observation up to a maximum distance of 10,000 meters. (Last Updated: Dec 22, 2023)						
Predicted Models: M 100% Moderate (inductive)						
B - Thick-billed Longspur (Rhynchophanes mccownii) SOC	6	ŀ	11		S	М
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps						
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP S	WAP: SGC	N3 PI	IF: 2			
Delineation Criteria Confirmed breeding area based on the presence of a nest, chicks, or territorial adults during the breeding season. F minimum distance of 100 meters in order to encompass the maximum breeding territory size reported for the species and otherwise is buff with the observation up to a maximum distance of 10,000 meters. (Last Updated: Jun 29, 2023)						
Predicted Models: M 100% Moderate (inductive)						
M - Grizzly Bear (Ursus arctos) SOC	7 1		-		Y	H
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps						
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S2S3 USFWS: LT BLM: THREATENED FWP SWAP: SGCN2-3						
Delineation Criteria Species Occurrence polygons represent areas delineated by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) that encommovements based on verified sightings. Within these areas, the USFWS wants project proponents to consider whether the species accemany impacts of a project and to work with the USFWS to develop and implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate project efficiency (Last Updated: Dec 22, 2023)	be preser	nt†w	hen ev			
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)						
B - Great Blue Heron (Ardea herodias) SOC	2				YS	М
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps						
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 USFWS: MBTA FWP SWAP: SGCN3						
Delineation Criteria Confirmed nesting area buffered by a minimum distance of 6,500 meters in order to be conservative about encomp						
near the breeding colony and otherwise buffered by the locational uncertainty associated with the observation up to a maximum distance of	1 10,000 1	ieteis.	• (Last	opuateu. Di	20 22, 20	,

View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps

Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3, SGIN

Delineation Criteria Confirmed breeding area based on the presence of a resident animal of any age. Point observation location is buffered by a minimum distance of 300 meters in order to encompass habitats supporting other individuals and documented distances moved between summer and winter habitats. Otherwise the point observation is buffered by the locational uncertainty associated with the observation up to a maximum distance of 10,000 meters. (Last Updated: Dec 21, 2023)

1 1

Y

Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)



	Legend
	Model Icons
	Nuitable (native range)
	Optimal Suitability
5	Moderate Suitability
	Low Suitability
	Suitable (introduced range)

Habitat Icons Common Occasional Summer Winter Migratory Non-native

r-round good precision' (<=1000m) + indicates additional 'poor precision' obs (1001m-10,000m)



Native Species

Summarized by: *(Custom Area of Interest)* Filtered by: Native Species reports are filtered for Species with MT Status = Species of Concern

Other Observed Species

	JSFWS Sec7	# Obs	Predicted Model R	ange
B - American Bittern (Botaurus lentiginosus) SOC		1		S
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) View Range Maps View Range Maps View Range Maps				
B - Chestnut-collared Longspur (Calcarius ornatus) SOC		1		S
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2B USFWS: MBTA; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN2 PIF Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) View Range Maps View Range Maps View Range Maps	: 2			
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2B USFWS: MBTA; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN2 PIF	: 2	1	Not Assessed	WM



	Legend
	Model Icons
	Nuitable (native range)
_	🧧 Optimal Suitability
s	Moderate Suitability
	Low Suitability
	Suitable (introduced range)

Habitat Icons Common Occasional Summer Winter Migratory Non-native

 Num Obs

 Count of obs with 'good precision' (<=1000m)</td>

 + indicates additional 'poor precision' obs (1001m-10,000m)



Native Species

Summarized by: *(Custom Area of Interest)* Filtered by: Native Species reports are filtered for Species with MT Status = Species of Concern

Other Potential Species

M - Preble's Shrew (Sorex	prehlei) SOC			Predicted Model	Range
View in Field Guide Species of Concern - Nat	ew Predicted Models ive Species Global: G4	View Range Maps State: S3 FWP SWAP: SGCN3			
Predicted Models: M 100% M - Townsend's Big-eared	. ,				: 🖸
.		'	1		Y
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%		View Range Maps State: S3 USFS: Sensitive - Known in Forests (LOLO) BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SG	CN3		
B - Golden Eagle (Aquila cl	rysaetos) <mark>SOC</mark>				Y
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%	and the second	View Range Maps State: S3 USFWS: BGEPA; MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3			
V - Carex crawei (Crawe's S	Sedge) <mark>SOC</mark>				Y
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: 100%	ive Species Global: G5	View Range Maps State: S2S3 Plant Threat Score: Low			
V - Dichanthelium acumin	atum (Panic Grass) SOC				Y
		View Range Maps State: S2S3 Plant Threat Score: Unknown			
V - Eleocharis rostellata (Beaked Spikerush) SOC				Y
CCVI: Less Vulnerable Predicted Models: 100% B - American White Pelica	Moderate (inductive)	State: S3 USFS: Species of Conservation Concern in Forests (CG, FLAT, HLC) Plant The os) SOC			S
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%		View Range Maps State: S3B USFWS: MBTA FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3			
B - Horned Grebe (Podicep	s auritus) SOC				S
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%		View Range Maps State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2			
B - Mountain Plover (Char	adrius montanus) SOC				S
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%	ive Species Global: G3	View Range Maps State: S2B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN2	PIF: 1		
B - Sprague's Pipit (Anthus	spragueii) <mark>SOC</mark>		7		S
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 100%		View Range Maps 54 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF:	1		
M - Fringed Myotis (Myotis	thysanodes) SOC				Y
View in Field Guide Vi Species of Concern - Nat Predicted Models: M 50% M		View Range Maps State: S3 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 Low (inductive)			
	oderate (inductive), 🕒 50%				
v - Centunculus minimus	(Chaffweed) SOC				Y

□ V - Elodea bifoliata (Long-sheath Waterweed) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4G5 State: S2? Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats	
Predicted Models: M 50% Moderate (inductive), 50% Low (inductive) □ B - Baird's Sparrow (Centronyx bairdii) SOC	
	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 1	
Predicted Models: M 50% Moderate (inductive), L 50% Low (inductive)	
B - Caspian Tern (Hydroprogne caspia) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN2 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: M 50% Moderate (inductive), L 50% Low (inductive)	
M - Black-tailed Prairie Dog (Cynomys ludovicianus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
M - Little Brown Myotis (Myotis lucifugus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G3G4 State: S3 USFS: Sensitive - Known in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT) FWP SWAP: SGCN3	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
M - Long-eared Myotis (Myotis evotis) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
M - Long-legged Myotis (Myotis volans) SOC	Ŷ
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4G5 State: S3	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Sharp-tailed Grouse (Tympanuchus phasianellus) SOC	Y
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: SX,S4 FWP SWAP: SGCN1 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Trumpeter Swan (Cygnus buccinator) SOC	M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3 USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 1	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) A - Northern Leopard Frog (Lithobates pipiens) SOC	
	Y
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S1,S4 USFS: Sensitive - Suspected in Forests (KOOT, LOLO) BLM: SENSITIVE	FWP SWAP: SGCN1
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
I - Bombus suckleyi (Suckley Cuckoo Bumble Bee) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G2G3 State: S1 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
V - Kobresia simpliciuscula (Simple Kobresia) SOC	Y
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 Plant Threat Score: Unknown	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
V - Lobelia kalmii (Kalm's Lobelia) SOC	Y
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
V - Stellaria crassifolia (Fleshy Stitchwort) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
B - Meesia triquetra (Meesia Moss) SOC	Y
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps USFS: Sensitive - Known in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT)	
Sensitive - Suspected in Forests (LOLO) Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2 Species of Conservation Concern in Forests (CG, FLAT)	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
M - Eastern Red Bat (Lasiurus borealis) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G3G4 State: S3B BLM: SENSITIVE	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	

M - Hoary Bat (Lasiurus cinereus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G3G4 State: S3B BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) Section 100% State: S3B State: S3B State: S3B	
B - Black Tern (Chlidonias niger) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	SGCN3 PIF: 2
B - Black-necked Stilt (Himantopus mexicanus) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Bobolink (Dolichonyx oryzivorus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) 100% Low (inductive) FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3	
 B - Brewer's Sparrow (Spizella breweri) SOC 	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Burrowing Owl (Athene cunicularia) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 1	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Ferruginous Hawk (Buteo regalis) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Franklin's Gull (Leucophaeus pipixcan) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: Global: State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: Set Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA; BCC10; BCC11; BCC17 BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: Set	GCN3 PIF: 2
B - Harlequin Duck (Histrionicus histrionicus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
USFS: Sensitive - Known in Forests (BD, KOOT, LOLO) Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S2B USFWS: MBTA Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BRT)	FWP SWAP: SGCN2 PIF: 1
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	FWP SWAP: SUCNZ FIF: 1
B - Loggerhead Shrike (Lanius Iudovicianus) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps	
Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Sage Thrasher (Oreoscoptes montanus) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3	
Predicted Models: L 100% Low (inductive)	
B - Veery (Catharus fuscescens) SOC	S M
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) View Range Maps View Range Maps View Range Maps	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) B - White-faced Ibis (Plegadis chihi) SOC	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) View Range Maps View Range Maps View Range Maps	···· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) Intervention State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 B - White-faced Ibis (Plegadis chihi) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) Image Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA B - White-faced Ibis (Plegadis chihi) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA B - Danaus plexippus (Monarch) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View in Field Guide View Predicted Models Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S2S3 USFWS: C USFS: Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT)	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: B - White-faced lbis (Plegadis chihi) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View in Field Guide View Predicted Models State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: C USFS: Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT) Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S2S3 USFWS: C USFS: Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT)	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA B White-faced Ibis (Plegadis chihi) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA B Danaus plexippus (Monarch) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View in Field Guide View Predicted Models Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4	
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: B - White-faced lbis (Plegadis chihi) SOC View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View in Field Guide View Predicted Models State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Image: Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: C USFS: Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT) Predicted Models: 100% Low (inductive) State: S2S3 USFWS: C USFS: Sensitive - Migratory in Forests (BD, BRT, KOOT)	

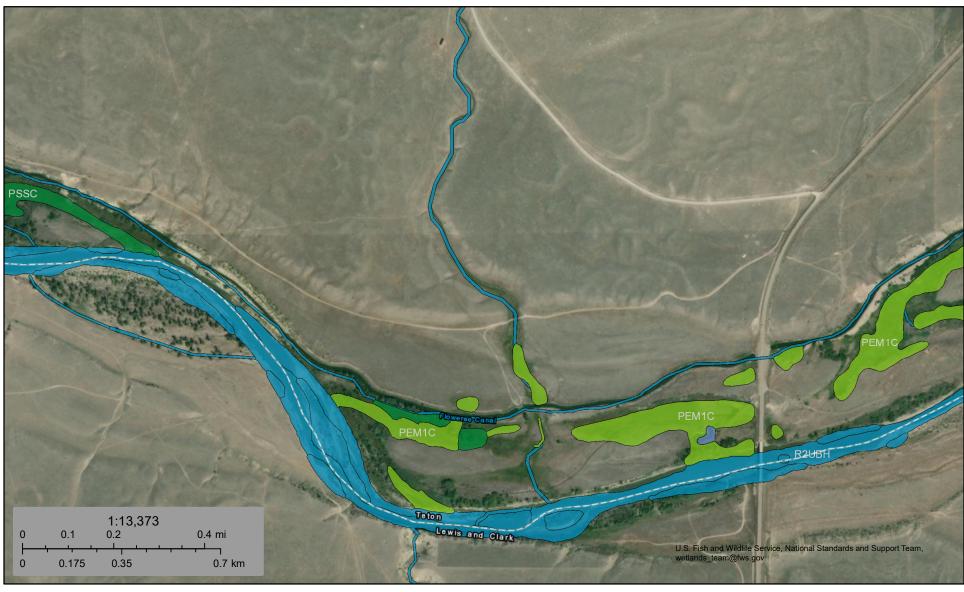
E B - Clark's Nutcracker (Nucifraga columbiana) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 USFWS: MBTA USFS: Species of Conservation Concern in Forests (FLAT) FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3 Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) FWP SWAP: State: S3 USFWS: MBTA USFS: Species of Conservation Concern in Forests (FLAT) FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 3
V - Chenopodium subglabrum (Smooth Goosefoot) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G3G4 State: S2 Plant Threat Score: Unknown CCVI: Highly Vulnerable Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S2 Plant Threat Score: Unknown CCVI: Highly Vulnerable
V - Cyperus schweinitzii (Schweinitz's Flatsedge) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S2 Plant Threat Score: Low Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S2 Plant Threat Score: Low
□ V - Gratiola ebracteata (Bractless Hedge-hyssop) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S2 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats CCVI: Moderately Vulnerable Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S2 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats CCVI: Moderately Vulnerable
V - Impatiens aurella (Pale-yellow Jewel-weed) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G4 State: S3 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S3 Plant Threat Score: No Known Threats
□ V - Lilium philadelphicum (Wood Lily) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 Plant Threat Score: Low CCVI: Less Vulnerable Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S3 Plant Threat Score: Low CCVI: Less Vulnerable
B - Scorpidium scorpioides (A Scorpidium Moss) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps USFS: Sensitive - Known in Forests (KOOT, LOLO) Species of Concern - Native Species Global: 65 State: S2 Species of Concern in Forests (FLAT, HLC) Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S2 State: S2 Species of Concern in Forests (FLAT, HLC)
B - Common Tern (Sterna hirundo) SOC
View in Field Guide View Predicted Models View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2 Predicted Models: 50% Low (inductive) State: S3B USFWS: MBTA BLM: SENSITIVE FWP SWAP: SGCN3 PIF: 2
M - Canada Lynx (Lynx canadensis) SOC Not Assessed Y
View in Field Guide View Range Maps Species of Concern - Native Species Global: G5 State: S3 USFWS: LT; CH BLM: THREATENED FWP SWAP: SGCN3

Exhibit D Wetland Map



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service **National Wetlands Inventory**

Exhibit - D - Wetlands Map



March 19, 2024

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
 - Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland Other Riverine This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

End of Documentation